Monitoring relays - TREND series

- Industrial design
- **►** Width 45mm
- AC/DC voltage monitoring in 1-phase mains
- **►** Fault latch
- Position of output relay presettable
- 1 change over contact



Technical data

1. Functions

AC/DC voltage monitoring in 1-phase mains with adjustable thresholds, timing for start-up suppression and tripping delay separately adjustable

monitoring inside the window between U_{min} and U_{max} monitoring outside the window between U_{min} and U_{max}

2. Time ranges

Adjustment range Start-up suppression time: Tripping delay: 0.1s10s

3. Indicators

Green LED ON: indication of supply voltage Yellow LED ON/OFF: indication of relay output

4. Mechanical design

Self-extinguishing plastic housing, IP rating IP40 Mounted on DIN-Rail TS 35 according to EN 50022

Mounting position: any
Shockproof terminal connection according to VBG 4
(PZ1 required), IP rating IP20
Initial torque: max. 1Nm

Terminal capacity:

1 x 0.5 to 2.5mm² with/without multicore cable end

 1×4 mm² without multicore cable end 2×0.5 to 1.5mm² with/without multicore cable end

2 x 2.5mm² flexible without multicore cable end

5. Input circuit

Supply voltage: 12 to 440V AC terminals A1-A2 (galvanically separated)

selectable via transformer modules TR2

Tolerance: -15% to +10% Rated frequency: 48 to 63Hz 2VA (1.5W) 100% Rated consumption: Duration of operation:

Reset time: 500ms Residual ripple for DC:

Drop-out voltage: >30% of the supply voltage

6. Output circuit

1 potential free change over contact

Switching capacity: 1250VA (5A / 250V AC) 5A fast acting 20 x 10⁶ operations 1 x 10⁵ operations Fusing: Mechanical life: Electrical life: at 1000VA resistive load

Switching frequency: max. 60/min at 100VA resistive load

max. 6/min at 1000VA resistive load (according to IEC 947-5-1)

250V AC (according to IEC 664-1) 4kV, overvoltage category III Insulation voltage: Surge voltage: (according to IEC 664-1)

7. Measuring circuit

24V AC/DC 115V AC/DC Input: terminals E1-F1(+) terminals E1-F2(+) 230V AC/DC terminals E1-F3(+) 440V AC/DC terminals E2-F3(+) 24V AC/DC 115V AC/DC Overload capacity: 60V 160V 230V AC/DC 320V 440V AC/DC 620V Input resistance: 24V AC/DC 36kΩ 115V AC/DC 230V AC/DC $230k\Omega$ 470kO 440V AC/DC $950k\Omega$

U_{max}: U_{min}: Switching threshold: -20% to +30% -30% to +20%

8. Control contact Y

Function: fault latch (Y1-Y2 bridged) Connections: potential free, terminals Y1-Y2 Loadable: Line length: max. 5m Control pulse length:

9. Accuracy

Base accuracy: ±5% (of maximum scale value) Adjustment accuracy: ≤5% (of maximum scale value) <1% Repeat accuracy: Voltage influence: ≤0.02% / 1% supply voltage change

Temperature influence: ≤0.02% / °C

10. Ambient conditions

-25 to +55°C Ambient temperature:

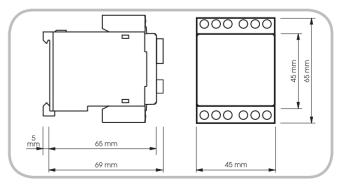
(according to IEC 68-1)

·25 to +70°C Storage temperature: Transport temperature: -25 to +70°C Relative humidity: 15% to 85%

(according to IEC 721-3-3 class 3K3) 3 (according to IEC 664-1)

Pollution degree:

11. Dimensions



Functions

AC/DC voltage monitoring in 1-phase mains with adjustable thresholds, timing for start-up suppression and tripping delay separately adjustable

When the supply voltage U is applied (green LED illuminated), the set interval of the start-up suppression (t_2) begins. Irrespective of the relay position under normal operation, the relay position for the duration of the start-up suppression can be selected with the DIP-switch 3: Relay switches into on-position (on) or remains in off-position (off).

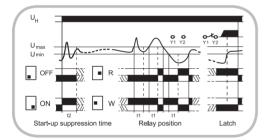
Changes of the measured voltage during this period do not affect the state of the output relay.

Window function (DIP-switch 2 in position W)

The output relay R switches into on-position (yellow LED illuminated), when the measured voltage exceeds the value adjusted at the $\rm U_{MIN}$ -regulator (red LED MIN not illuminated). When the measured voltage exceeds the value adjusted at the U $\rm MAX$ -regulator (red LED MAX illuminated), the set interval of the tripping delay (t₁) begins. After the interval has expired the output relay switches into off-position (yellow LED not illuminated). When the measured voltage falls below the maximum value (red LED MAX not illuminated), the output relay again switches into on-position (yellow LED illuminated). When the measured voltage falls below the value adjusted at the $\rm U_{MIN}$ -regulator (red LED MIN illuminated), the set interval of the tripping delay begins. After the interval has expired the output relay switches into off-position (yellow LED not illuminated).

If the fault latch is activated (bridge Y1-Y2) and the measured voltage has fallen below the value adjusted at the U_{MIN} -regulator once, the output relay remains in the off-position, even if the measured voltage exceeds that value. After resetting the fault latch (opening the bridge Y1-Y2) the output relay switches into on-position. If the measured voltage has exceeded the value adjusted at the U_{MAX} -regulator once, the output relay remains also in the off-position, even if the measured voltage falls below that value. After resetting the fault latch the output relay switches into on-position.

If instead of opening the bridge Y1-Y2 the supply voltage is disconnected and re-applied the measuring cycle begins again with the set interval of the start-up suppression (t_2).



Inverted Window function (DIP-switch 2 in position R)

The output relay R switches into off-position (yellow LED not illuminated), when the measured voltage exceeds the value adjusted at the U_{MIN} -regulator (red LED MIN not illuminated). When the measured voltage exceeds the value adjusted at the U_{MAX} -regulator (red LED MAX illuminated), the set interval of the tripping delay (t_1) begins. After the interval has expired the output relay switches into on-position (yellow LED illuminated). When the measured voltage falls below the maximum value (red LED MAX not illuminated), the output relay again switches into off-position (yellow LED not illuminated). When the measured voltage falls below the value adjusted at the U_{MIN} -regulator (red LED MIN illuminated), the set interval of the tripping delay begins. After the interval has expired the output relay switches into on-position (yellow LED illuminated).

into on-position (yellow LED illuminated). If the fault latch is activated (bridge Y1-Y2) and the measured voltage has fallen below the value adjusted at the U_{MIN}-regulator once, the output relay remains in the on-position, even if the measured voltage exceeds that value. After resetting the fault latch (opening the bridge Y1-Y2) the output relay switches into off-position. If the measured voltage has exceeded the value adjusted at the U_{MAX}-regulator once, the output relay remains also in the on-position, even if the measured voltage falls below that value. After resetting the fault latch the output relay switches into off-position.

If instead of opening the bridge Y1-Y2 the supply voltage is disconnected and re-applied the measuring cycle begins again with the set interval of the start-up suppression (t_2) .

Connections

